**HAZARD APPROACH USED (SELECT ONE)**

**HAZARD(S)** (anything (e.g., chemicals, moving vehicles, etc.) that can hurt workers (injury), make them sick (illness) or cause property damage.

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| **Hazard Control Approaches** *(examples on page 21-22)* | **Insert an X below** |
| a. develop a hazard control program (e.g., Ladder safety, Lock out tag out, Manual handling) |  |
| b. identify and control a specific hazard in the workplace (e.g., moving vehicles, overexertion) |  |
| c. control all hazards related to a specific process, task or piece of equipment (e.g., operation of a specific machine or equipment) |  |

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| **List the Hazard or Hazards being controlled** |  |
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**HIERARCHY OF CONTROLS**

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| **Type of control** | **Definition** | **How control was applied to the hazard (as applicable)** |
| **Elimination**  | Physically remove the hazard  |  |
| **Substitution**  | Replace the hazard with less hazardous option |  |
| **Engineering controls**  | Isolate/separate people from the hazard  |  |
| **Administrative controls** | Change the way people work/schedule/train/signs etc. |  |
| **Personal protective equipment** | Anything the employee wears to protect them |  |